

Statistics

Lecture 27



Feb 19-8:47 AM

Complete the chart below

x	$P(x)$	$xP(x)$	$x^2P(x)$
2	.3	.6	1.2
3	.6	1.8	5.4
4	.1	.4	1.6

1) Verify $\sum P(x) = 1$

2) $\mu = \sum xP(x)$
 $= .6 + 1.8 + .4 = 2.8$

3) $\sum x^2P(x) = 8.2$

4) $\sigma^2 = \sum x^2P(x) - \mu^2$
 $= 8.2 - 2.8^2 = .36$

5) $\sigma = \sqrt{\sigma^2} = \sqrt{.36} = .6$

$\boxed{\text{VARS}} \boxed{5: \text{Statistics}}$
 $\boxed{4: \sigma_x} \boxed{x^2} \boxed{\text{Enter}}$
 $\sigma^2 = .36$
 $\boxed{\text{Math}} \boxed{1: \text{frac}} \boxed{\text{Enter}}$

$\mu = \bar{x} = 2.8$
 $\sigma = \sigma_x = .6$
 $n = 1 \checkmark$
 $\frac{9}{25}$
 $x \rightarrow \text{Midpt}$
 $P(x) \rightarrow \text{Rel. F.}$

Draw Prob. Dist. Histogram

Oct 15-8:54 AM

Consider the chart below

x	$P(x)$
1	.15
2	.25
3	.35
4	.25

1) Find $P(x=1)$

$$= 1 - [.25 + .35 + .25]$$

Total Prob. = $.15$

2) $P(x=2 \text{ or } x=3) = .25 + .35 = .6$

3) Draw Prob. dist. histogram

$x \rightarrow L1, P(x) \rightarrow L2$
 Use **1-Var Stats** with $L1 \dot{=} L2$ to find
 $\mu = \bar{x} = 2.7$
 $\sigma = \sigma_x \approx 1.005$
 $n = 1 \checkmark$

VARS
 5: Statistics
 4: σ_x
 2: MATH 1: \rightarrow **Func** (Enter) σ^2 (Reduced Fraction)

Oct 15-9:04 AM

I am selling 25 TKTS for \$10 each.
 One ticket will be drawn.
 Winner gets a Calc. worth \$100.

25 TKTS (\$10 each) = \$250
 I give away a Calc = \$100

 Net profit = \$150

Expected \rightarrow Net profit per TKT = $\frac{\$150}{25} = \6

Value Per TKT

Net	$P(\text{Net})$	
10 - 100	$\frac{1}{25}$	I lose
10 - 0	$\frac{24}{25}$	I win

Net $\rightarrow L1$
 $P(\text{Net}) \rightarrow L2$
 Expected Value
 $\mu = \bar{x} = \$6$

1-Var Stats
 use $L1 \dot{=} L2$

Oct 15-9:13 AM

I paid \$50 to insure my luggage.

Airline would have paid me \$500 for any damages.

Prob. of any damage is .02.

Find expected Value per policy sold by airline.

Net	P(Net)	
50 - 500	.02	Damage
50 - 0	.98	Damage

Net \rightarrow L1

P(Net) \rightarrow L2

E.V. = $\mu = \bar{x}$

1-Var Stats
with L1 & L2

\$40

Oct 15-9:20 AM

Pay me \$5

Draw one card from a full-deck of playing cards

If you draw Ace, I give you \$20

" " " Face, " " " \$10

Any other card, I give you nothing

Net	P(Net)	
5 - 20	4/52	Ace
5 - 10	12/52	Face
5 - 0	36/52	any other card

Expected Value

Per bet for the house

E.V. = $\mu = \bar{x}$

1-Var Stats
with L1 & L2

\approx \$1.15

Oct 15-9:26 AM

3 Dimes 5 Nickels
 Take 2 Coins, No replacement

$NN \rightarrow 10\phi \quad P(10\phi) = \frac{5}{8} \cdot \frac{4}{7} = \frac{20}{56}$
 $ND \rightarrow 15\phi \quad P(15\phi) = 2 \cdot \frac{5}{8} \cdot \frac{3}{7} = \frac{30}{56}$
 $DN \rightarrow 15\phi \quad P(15\phi) = 2 \cdot \frac{5}{8} \cdot \frac{3}{7} = \frac{30}{56}$
 $DD \rightarrow 20\phi \quad P(20\phi) = \frac{3}{8} \cdot \frac{2}{7} = \frac{6}{56}$

Total ϕ	$P(\text{Total } \phi)$
10	$\frac{20}{56}$
15	$\frac{30}{56}$
20	$\frac{6}{56}$

$\mu = \bar{x} = 13.75$
 $\sigma = \sigma_x = 3.169$
 $n = 1 \checkmark$
 σ^2 (Reduced frac.)

$\sigma^2 = \frac{1125}{112}$

Expected Value

1-Var Stats
 with L1 & L2

SE 14
 &
 SE 15

Oct 15-9:32 AM